Adapt or Die

National Security from an Evolutionary Perspective

David Sloan Wilson

President, Evolution Institute SUNY Distinguished Professor Departments of Biology and Anthropology Binghamton University

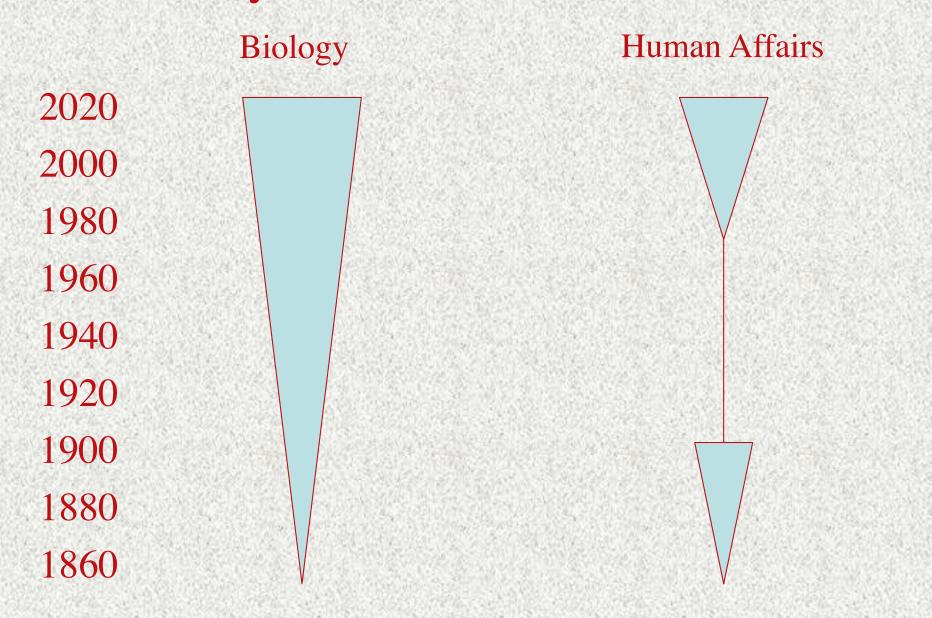
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Some General Observations

- Policy discussions of all sorts use words such as "evolve" and "adapt" in the vernacular to describe the need for positive change.
- The metaphor of society as an organism stretches back to antiquity and is reflected in words such as "corporation" and phrases such as "body politic".

- Yet, these same discussions almost never draw upon evolutionary science as a source of insight.
- Instead, they rely upon real-world experience and an alphabet soup of social science disciplines that are poorly related to each other.

The Study of Evolution in Relation To...

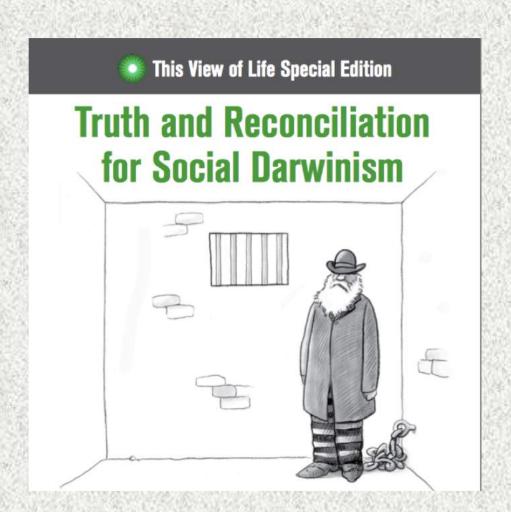


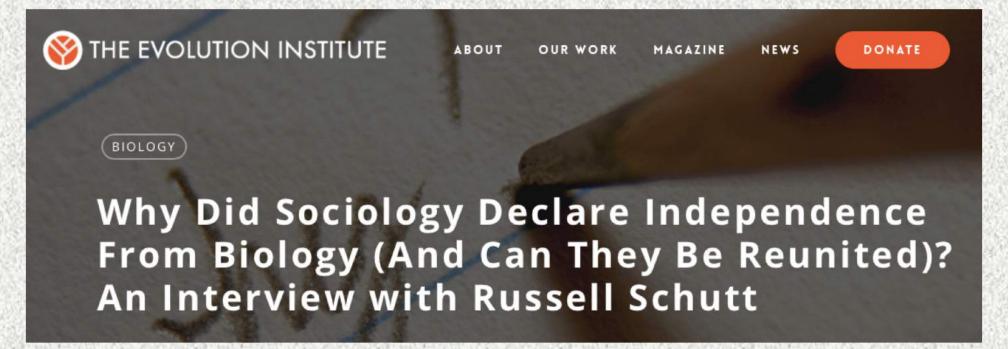
Evolutionary Biology became Gene-centric

- Darwin defined heredity as a resemblance between offspring and parents, caused by any mechanism.
- Once genes were discovered, they became regarded as the only mechanism of heredity, as if the only way that offspring resemble their parents is by sharing genes.
- Around the world, for experts and laypeople alike, say the word "evolution" and almost everyone hears the word "genes".
- The study of cultural change was ceded to other disciplines.

The Human Social Sciences Became Evo-phobic

- A common view is that Darwinian thinking led to the justification of inequality.
- The real history is more complex and interesting.
- Social science disciplines had their own reasons to declare independence from biology and even psychology.





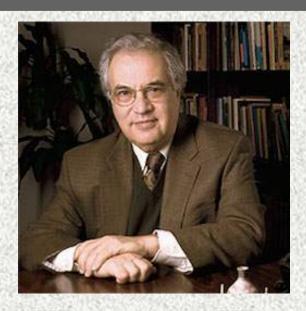


Russell Schutt, U-Mass Boston 7



HISTORY

Cultural Anthropology and Cultural Evolution: Tear Down This Wall! A Conversation with Robert Paul



Robert Paul, Emory U.8

The Bottom Line

- Each branch of the social sciences became sophisticated in its own way, but not in relation to evolutionary theory or each other. The result: Alphabet Soup.
- Most social scientists and policy experts:
 - •Accept evolution as a powerful theory for the rest of life, our physical bodies, and a few basic urges such as to eat and have sex.
 - Assume that our rich behavioral and cultural diversity operates according to a different set of rules.
 - Assume that their branch of knowledge is consistent with evolutionary theory, even though it was not part of their own education and is absent from their current discourse.

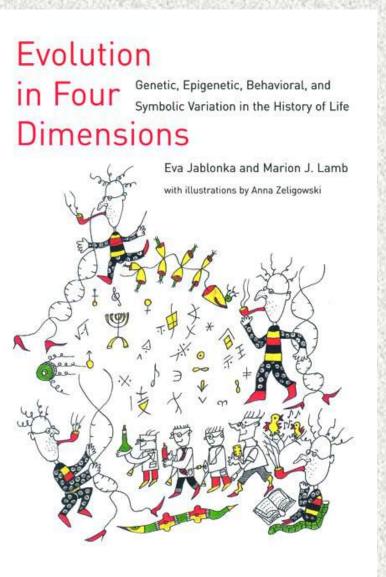
Back on Track

- Starting in the 1980's, terms such as "evolutionary psychology", "evolutionary anthropology", and "evolutionary economics" began to be used, signaling an effort to rethink these disciplines from a modern evolutionary perspective.
- By now in full swing, numbering in the thousands...
- ...but this is still a tiny fraction of the worldwide academic community...
- ...and an even tinier fraction of the policy-making community.
- Here are some canonical texts

Evolution in Four Dimensions

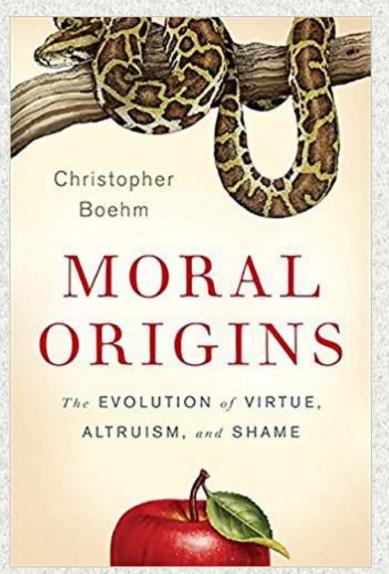
This book goes back to basics by focusing on all mechanisms of inheritance:

- Genetics
- Epigenetics
- Forms of social learning found in many species.
- Forms of symbolic thought that are distinctively human.



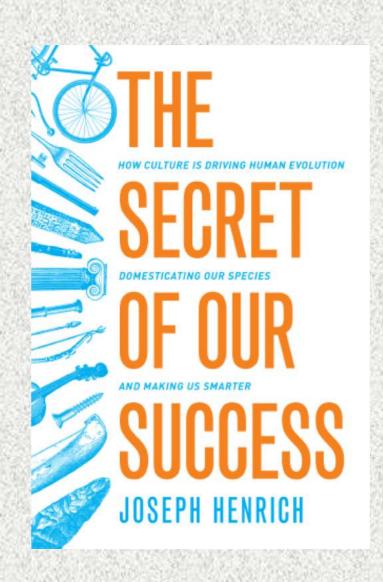
Human Origins

• This book covers 99% of our history as a species, living and evolving in the context of small highly cooperative groups.

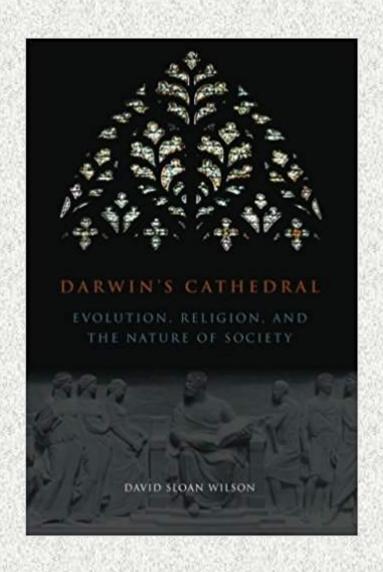


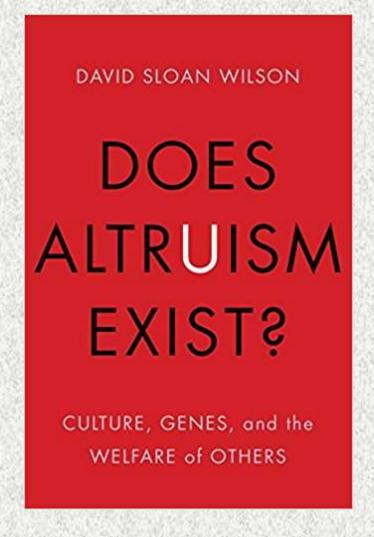
Our Genetic Capacity for Cultural Change

- We are genetically adapted to transmit large amounts of learned information across generations.
- Social constructivists aren't wrong, but they need to become evolutionary social constructivists.
- "Niche construction"



Religion and Altruism





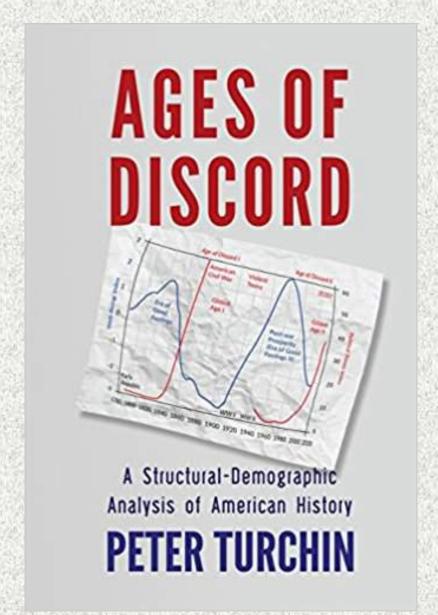
Human History

ULTRA SOCIETY

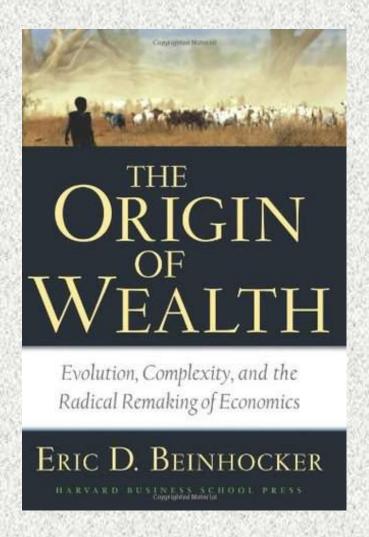


how 10,000 years of war made humans the greatest cooperators on earth

PETER TURCHIN



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How to Construct a New Invisible Hand: A Conversation with Peter Barnes

A middle path between laissez faire and centralized planning.

David S. Wilson, Peter Barnes

CHANGE ECONOMICS. AND CHANGE THE WORLD.

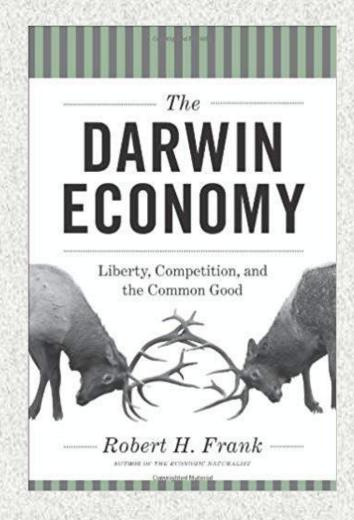
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The Added Value of a Unified Evolutionary Perspective

- A passport to the study of all subjects using the same conceptual "toolkit".
- Organizes existing knowledge.
- Directs the search for new knowledge.
- Identifies widespread assumptions that are not consistent with evolutionary theory.

Example: Relative vs. Absolute Fitness Thinking In Economics

- Evolutionary theory is based on relative fitness.
- Orthodox economic theory is based on the maximization of an individual's **absolute utility**.
- Economists have had decades to realize and correct their mistake, and for the most part they haven't.
- Frank predicts that Darwin, not Smith, will eventually be regarded as the father of economics.

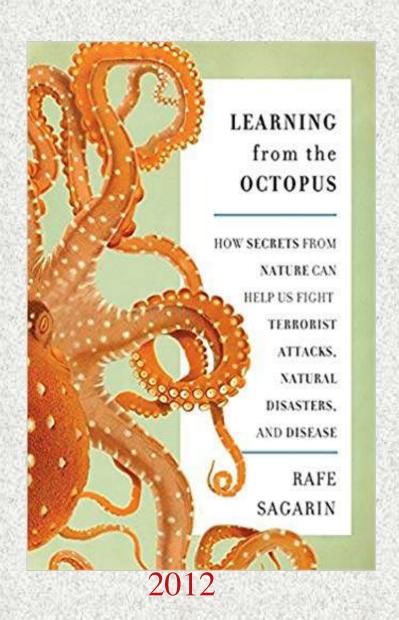


National Security

- A new application for me.
- Invited by Donald Glascoff to participate in a workshop titled "Rethinking the National Security State."
- Organized by Karen Greenberg at Fordham Law School's Center on National Security.
- Used the opportunity to conduct a reconnaissance on National Security from an evolutionary perspective.

My fellow evolutionary travelers...

- Scott Atran
- Michele Gelfand
- Dan Fessler
- Rafe Sagarin (1971-2015)



Novel Insights...

- Multilevel Selection Theory.
- Evolution in Warp Drive.
- Small groups as fundamental units of human social organization.
- Carefully managed evolutionary processes as a middle path between laissez faire and centralized planning.
- How to catalyze evolutionary thinking on national security issues.

The logic of within-group selection



The logic of between-group selection



NEARLY EVERY DECISION YOU MAKE AS A TEAM PLAYER WILL BE DIFFERENT THAN PLAYING THE REGULAR GAME OF MONOPOLY

Multilevel Selection

- Natural selection within groups is like a single game of Monopoly \rightarrow disruptive self-seeking behaviors.
- Natural Selection between groups is like a Monopoly tournament→teamwork.
- Teamwork does not come for free! It requires a process of selection at the team level and is opposed by selection among individuals within teams.
- This is profoundly different than the concept of the invisible hand in economics or "balance of nature" in ecology, which pretends that the pursuit of lower-level self-interest robustly benefits the common good.

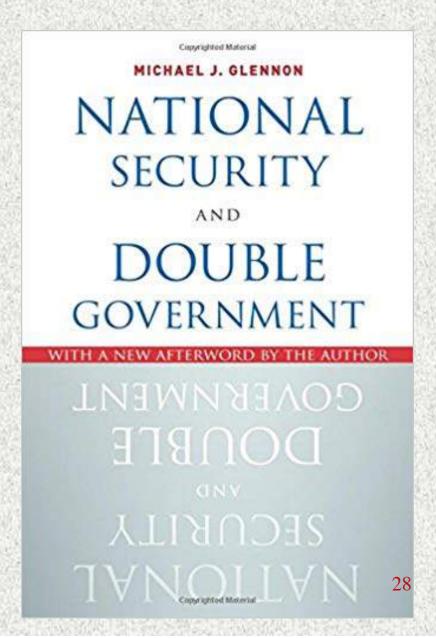
In a multi-tier hierarchy...

- What's good for me can be bad for my family.
- What's good for my family can be bad for my clan.
- What's good for my clan can be bad for my nation.
- What's good for my nation can be bad for the planet.
- As a general rule: Adaptation at any given level requires a process of selection *at that level* and tends to be *undermined* by selection at lower levels.



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Evolution in Warp Drive

- All of the rapid changes swirling around us can be understood as both **products of evolution** and **evolutionary processes in their own right**.
- Individual behavioral change (selection by consequences).
- The social transmission of learned information (cultural evolution).
- Each evolutionary process has its own inheritance system that is to some extent unique, but all follow the same basic evolutionary dynamics.

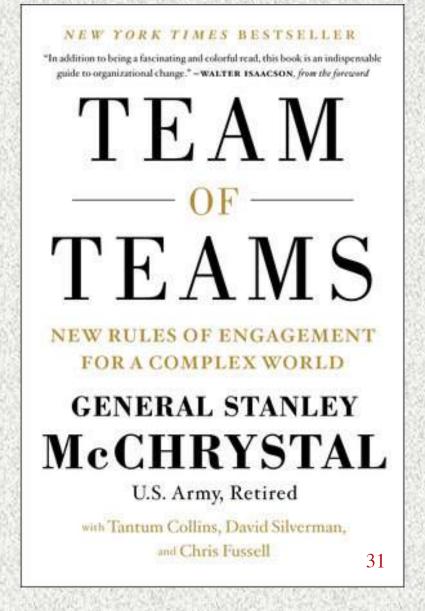
Evolution in Warp Drive

Most behaviors and cultural forms that are considered **pathological** are in fact **adaptive** in the evolutionary sense of the word.

- --benefitting me but not you.
- --benefitting us but not them.
- --providing benefits now but not later.
- Individual change and cultural evolution are taking place whether we want them to or not.
- Left unmanaged, they will take us where we don't want to go.
- Policy formulation=managing evolutionary processes to align them with normative goals.

Small Groups as Fundamental units of Human Social Organization.

- Our social psychology evolved in the context of small highly cooperative groups.
- Small groups remain a fundamental building block of larger-scale societies, which need to be multi-cellular in evolutionary terms.
- A generalization of the concept of polycentric governance developed by political scientists Elinor & Vincent Ostrom.



Core Design Principles for the Efficacy of Groups

- Strong group identity and purpose
- 2) Proportional equivalence of costs and benefits
- 3) Inclusive decision making
- 4) Monitoring
- 5) Graduated sanctions
- 6) Fast, fair conflict resolution
- 7) Local autonomy
- 8) Appropriate relations with other groups





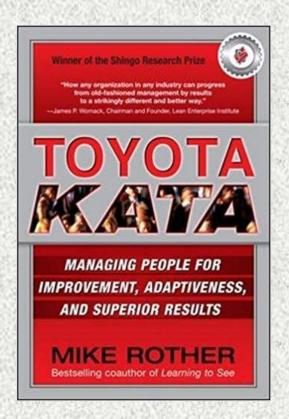
Two change methods that won't work:

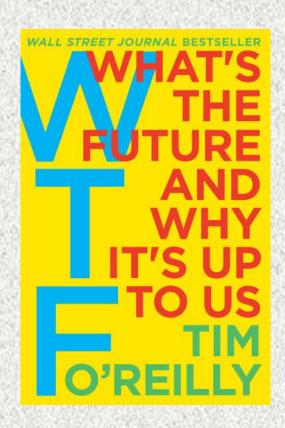
- 1) Laissez faire
- 2) Centralized planning

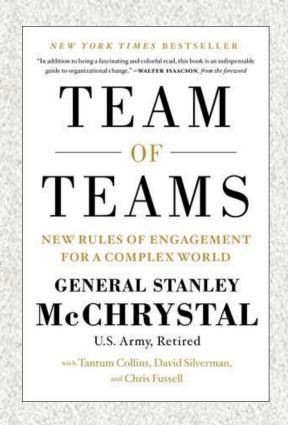
What can work: A carefully managed evolutionary process.

- A clearly defined target of selection.
- Monitoring planned and unplanned variation.
- Insuring continuance and replication of the most fit.
- "The Evolution of Evolvability"

Examples of highly adaptable cultures already exist...

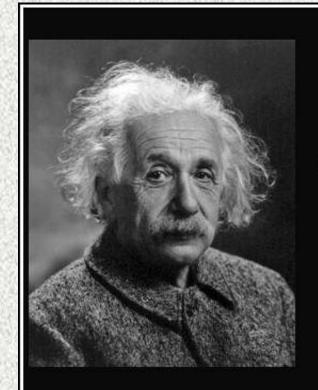






...but can be generalized and improved from an explicit evolutionary perspective.

How to catalyze evolutionary thinking on national security issues.

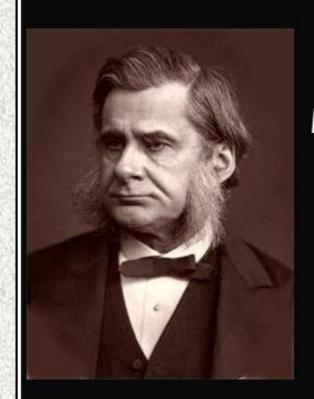


Whether you can observe a thing or not depends on the theory which you use. It is the theory which decides what can be observed.

(Albert Einstein)

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• Merely becoming familiar with modern evolutionary science in relation to human affairs will enable you to connect the dots for yourself.



My reflection when I first made myself master of the central idea of the Origin was, How extremely stupid not to have thought of that.

(Thomas Henry Huxley)

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How to catalyze evolutionary thinking on national security issues.

- Invite evolutionists to join existing policy discussions.
- Organize new workshops and other events.
- Research programs and real-world applications that can take place simultaneously.
- Although this talk has been at the proverbial 30,000 foot level, it is even more interesting to delve into particular topics in detail.