

# CGSR

Center for Global Security Research



**Dr. Bradley H. Roberts** is the director of the Center for Global Security Research. From 2009 to 2013, he served as deputy assistant secretary of defense for nuclear and missile defense policy. In this role, he served as policy director of the Obama Administration’s Nuclear Posture Review and Ballistic Missile Defense Review and had lead responsibility for their implementation. Prior to entering government service, Dr. Roberts was a research fellow at the Institute for Defense Analyses and earlier at the Center for Strategic and International Studies, editor of the *Washington Quarterly*, and an adjunct professor at George Washington University. Between leaving the Office of the Secretary of Defense in 2013 and assuming his current responsibilities in mid-2014, Dr. Roberts was a consulting professor at Stanford University, and William Perry fellow at the Center for International Security and Cooperation. While at CISAC, he authored a book entitled *The Case for US Nuclear Weapons in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century*, which in 2016 was recognized with a Choice Award for outstanding academic publication of the year.

Prior to joining the Obama administration, Dr. Roberts was a member of the research staff at the Institute for Defense Analyses and an adjunct professor at George Washington University. Dr. Roberts authored a book entitled *The Case for US Nuclear Weapons in the 21st Century* (Stanford University Press, 2016), which in 2016 was recognized with a Choice Award for outstanding academic publication of the year. His other publications include: “Ban the Bomb? Or Bomb the Ban?” (Policy Brief, European Leadership Network, 22 March 2018); “Continuity and Change in U.S. Nuclear Policy” (co-authored with John R. Harvey, Franklin C. Miller, Keith B. Payne, Real Clear Defense, 7 February 2018); “Strategic Stability Under Obama and Trump” (Survival, Vol. 59, No. 4, 2017); “On the Strategic Value of Ballistic Missile Defense” (Proliferation Papers, No. 50, 2014); and “Extended Deterrence and Strategic Stability in Northeast Asia” (NIDS Visiting Scholar Paper Series, No. 1, 2013).