# Russian and Chinese Activity in Central Asia

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## China's Rise, Russia's Stagnation?

- China became CA's main economic partner, before Russia, in 2009
- High level of Chinese investments with few immediate strings attached except massive state debts
- China helps for more regional integration even if projects are bilateral
- China remains hesitant to engage more in the security realm

- Russia's economic presence retreated, recovered, and now stagnates
- Russia seen as unreliable for investments—promises more than does
- Russia promotes its own regional integration structures, not CA ones
- Russia dominates the security realm in all aspects, from military equipment to educational training

## A Binary Domination?

Territorial contiguity, historical continuity BUT very different soft powers

#### RUSSIA

- Soviet legacy
- Reproduction of elites
- Cultural influence
- Media presence
- People-to-people contacts
- Support of Russia's posture in international affairs
- Rising criticism on Russia's "colonial" attitude toward CA

### CHINA

- Very low knowledge
- Limited cultural influence
- People-to-people contacts growing but still...
- Rising Sinophobia
- Fear of Chinese hidden goals
- Doubts on the BRI
- Impact of the reeducation
  camps on CA public opinion



Approval of Russia, China and the US in CA, 2006-2018

Central Asian Respondent Approval of Chinese, Russian, and US Leaderships Gallup World Poll

## Partnership or Competition?

#### Competition is in fact limited or virtual:

- No more on energy
- Little on economics/investments
- Only potentially on security issues
- Partnership:
  - Broader bilateral relationship
  - SCO seen as a success
  - Mutual goodwill to adjust narratives (Greater Eurasia, Polar Silk Road)
  - Partly similar vision of the world order US out of CA
  - Mutual trust on hierarchy of each other's priorities

## Central Asia as a 'test zone' for the Russia-China relationship

- One of the first zones to test each other and find mutually beneficial strategies in a "post-American order"
- Trust in each other's priorities toward the West
- Successful strategies of avoidance
- Respect of tactics of asymmetric power developed by the other
- But some doubts remain –more immediate worries on the Chinese side, more long-term ones on the Russian side